



Focusing on the future

Management quality and long-term value creation

Christoffer Enemaerke
EM Equity Portfolio Manager

Published February 2024

“From our experience, one of the most important aspects in evaluating management is in its ability to instill a strong culture and create a good company to work for.”

Assessing and evaluating management quality has always been a key part of our EM Equity investment process. Here we look at culture, the importance of return metrics, and why a clear strategy and strong execution matter. We also give examples of management’s ability to innovate and stay at the leading edge into the future.

Management quality is one of the three sections in our investment checklist. Exhibit 1 shows example questions in the management quality section of the checklist, including questions on management’s track record of integrity, how it addresses all stakeholders in the business and if it thinks about the long term.

In 2023, we decided to develop our focus on management quality even further, by trying to identify key areas where management teams of successful EM companies have excelled. Through team discussions, offsite work and analysing case studies, we found that culture, return focus, clarity and execution of strategy and investing for the future are particularly crucial elements when it comes to assessing management quality.

Culture

From our experience, one of the most important aspects in evaluating management is in its ability to instill a strong culture and create a good company to work for. Having a winning culture can be a significant competitive advantage for a company.

The importance of culture is clear when looking at the long-term outperformance of companies in the ‘100 Best Companies to Work For’ ranking. Between 1998 (when the rankings started being published) and 2023, these companies are up 2,286%, compared to the S&P500 Index’s 664%, a 1,622% difference (Exhibit 2). Over 25 years and 7 months, that computes to a compounded annual growth rate (“CAGR”) difference of more than 5%.

One company that has consistently been named as a great place to work and that has a strong culture is Mercado Libre. The company is a leading online marketplace business in Latin America, with a presence across the region within e-commerce and fintech. Mercado Libre was ranked as the fourth best company to work for in Latin America and the 20th best company to work for globally in Great Place to Work, 2021 edition (Exhibit 3).

According to the company, it has always sought to build a culture of entrepreneurship and excellence across its entire organisation. Management believes that to continue to be a leader across markets, it needs to attract, engage, and develop the best talent. As such, the company has a clear focus on people and teams in its culture, prioritising employees' physical and emotional wellbeing, and building diverse and inclusive environments where everyone can fulfil their full potential.

Every time we meet with the management of a company, we ask about culture, and this is something we will continue to do. We also believe it is crucial to visit a company's facilities and speak with employees and different layers of management, and not just the top management. This is important in ensuring that the culture is consistent across the organisation.

Return focus

Another key element in our investment philosophy is investing in companies with high and sustainable Cash Flow Return on Investment ("CFROI"). This is a metric that emphasises a company's cashflow-generating abilities. We have found that some of the most successful companies in EM over time have been those that have had a sharp focus on generating consistently high returns, in metrics such as CFROI, Return on Invested Capital ("ROIC") or Economic Value Added ("EVA").

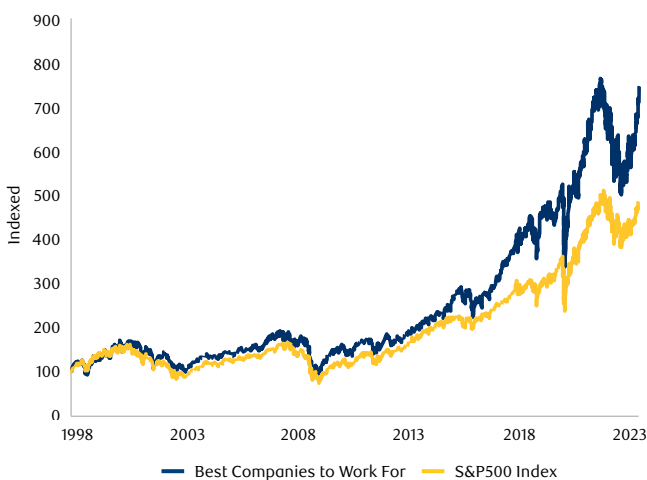
Exhibit 1: Examples of 'Management Quality' questions

| Management quality | |
|--------------------|---|
| 1 | What is management's track record of integrity? |
| 2 | How innovative is the culture of the firm and management? |
| 3 | Is the company addressing stakeholders in the business? |
| 4 | How would you define the company's corporate culture? |
| 5 | Does management think about the long term? Is it prepared to sacrifice short-term profit to lay the foundation for future growth? |

Source: RBC GAM, as at September 2023.

One of the most compelling companies we have seen in this respect is the Brazilian company, WEG. This is a leading electric engineering, power, and automation technology company. WEG has made significant efforts throughout the organisation to have all employees working in ways that maximises ROIC. For example, in the company's factories, there are whiteboards where every employee can see how their actions ultimately impact WEG's ROIC. The level and sustainability of ROIC is also a key KPI of the management of the company, which determines variable compensation.

Exhibit 2: '100 Best Companies to Work For' have outperformed over the long term



Source: Jefferies, as at August 2023.

Exhibit 3: Mercado Libre – Great Place to Work



Source: Mercado Libre Impact Report, 2021.

Exhibit 4 shows the evolution of WEG’s ROIC. We have seen an impressive expansion from around 10% to above 25% in the last 10 years.

WEG’s ROIC has been surpassing comparable companies, which include high quality companies and international industrial peers. The company’s disciplined capital allocation, exposure to resilient and rapid growing segments, combined with a constant focus on improving efficiency via its vertical integration strategy have been paying off.

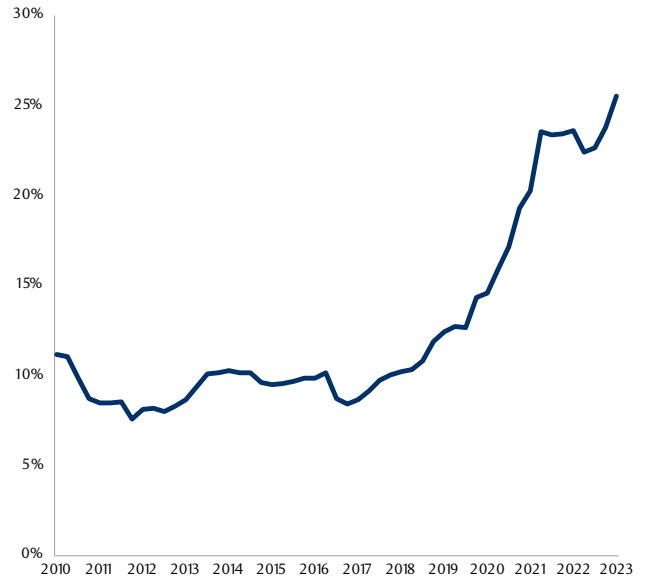
We will continue to analyse how important return metrics are for companies when we meet their management teams and assess whether these metrics are part of the KPIs for management. We have also modified one checklist question to add an even greater focus on returns.

Clear strategy and strong execution

Management teams that have been able to set out a clear, transparent, and well laid out long-term strategy and diligently execute on this year after year have generally been rewarded by investors in EM. We think that one of the best examples of this has been the Indian automotive company and conglomerate, Mahindra & Mahindra (“M&M”).

Exhibit 5 shows the share price performance of the company over the long term, including a period of underperformance from 2019-2021, followed by strong performance since 2021. It demonstrates the importance of capital allocation and having a clear strategy with strong execution.

Exhibit 4: Evolution of WEG’s ROIC

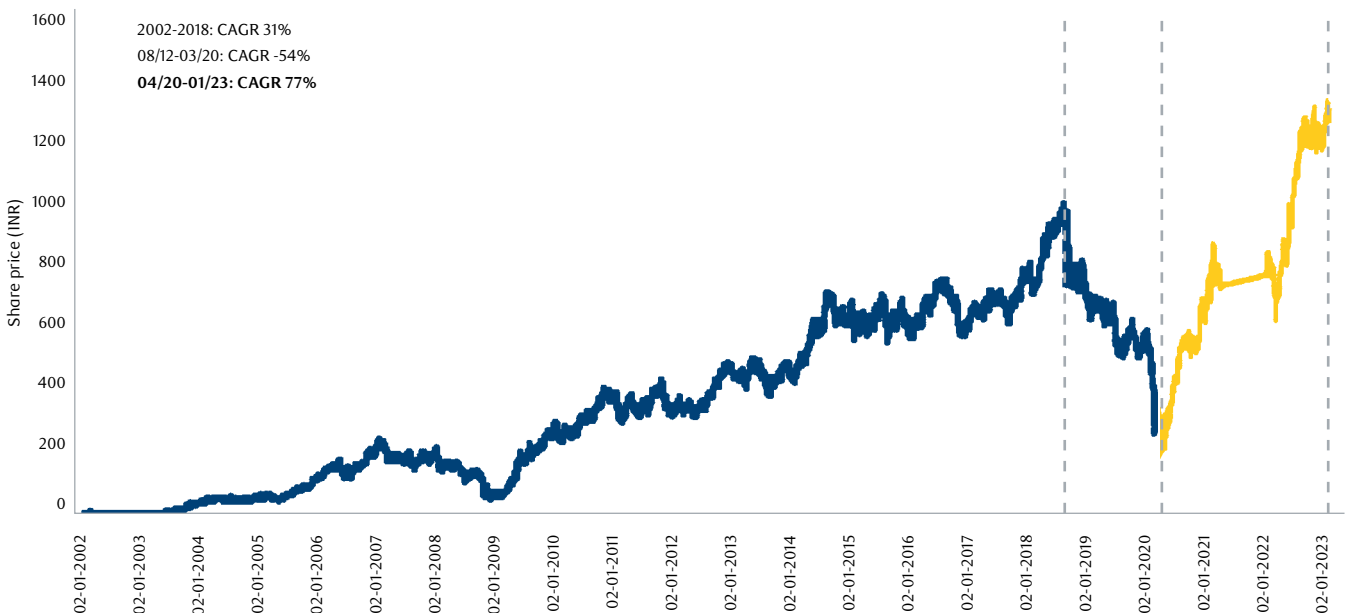


Source: Bloomberg, as at September 2023.

“WEG’s ROIC has been surpassing comparable companies, which include high quality companies and international industrial peers.”

The underperformance from 2019-2021 happened as M&M effectively started losing the focus on its core business. The company had diversified into non-core business areas and international subsidiaries that created a considerable drag on profitability and management resources.

Exhibit 5: M&M – importance of strategy and execution



Source: Mahindra & Mahindra investor presentation, as at February 2023.

This led Anand Mahindra, Chairman and grandson of Jagdish Mahindra, co-founder of the company, to professionalise the company. Anand stepped down as effective group CEO to make way for a non-family member, Dr. Anish Shah, to step in and take over as the new CEO. This was the first time a non-family member had taken the CEO role and it signified a complete change in strategy. Dr. Shah set out a strategy to be executed over the following years. The key elements of this strategy were to turnaround or exit loss-making businesses and improve the RoE to 18%.

M&M has in fact executed very well on this strategy in the last couple of years. We started seeing significant RoE improvements from the low levels of 2020-21 (Exhibit 6). In 2023, the company's RoE reached 20%, exceeding the original 18% RoE target. And as shown in Exhibit 5, the share price performance reflected this return improvement in a significant way.

To capture the importance of this aspect of management quality, we have refined one checklist question and are now asking: "has the management articulated a clear strategy for generating future sustainable returns, and how has it executed on this?"

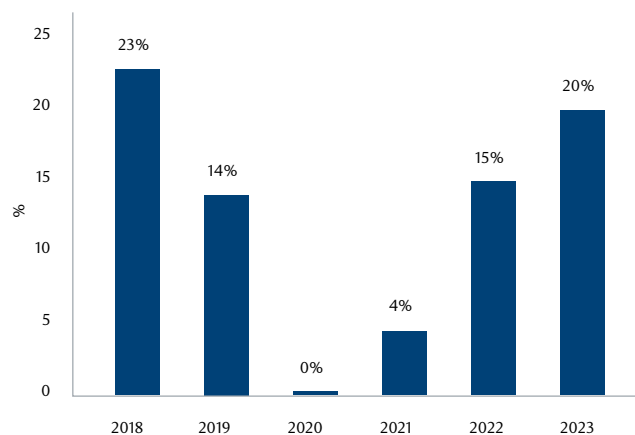
Investing for the future

Although we see disruption in every industry, the technology sector is and likely always will be at the forefront in this area, most often being the industry that sets the conditions for disruption and where disruption occurs at the fastest rate. The difficulty for long-term investors, such as ourselves, is therefore that of matching a long-term structural growth area of investment with successful stock selection in technology-related sectors, where innovation seems to disrupt existing businesses faster than in other sectors. One of the elements to look at is therefore management's ability to continue to innovate and stay at the leading edge over the long term.

The Taiwanese company, Delta Electronics, is an example of a company that has been able to reposition itself multiple times over the last two decades in areas of structural growth. Delta Electronics was founded in 1971 and is now the largest power supply component and power solutions provider globally.

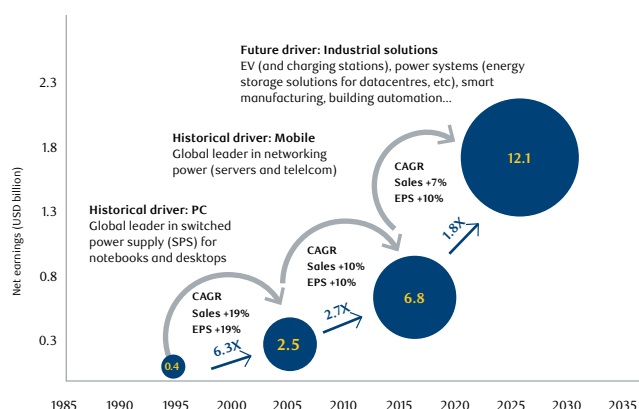
Delta's management team has transformed its business strategy to capture new growth opportunities over the past two decades (Exhibit 7). Also importantly, the addressable markets have continued to grow larger with every new technology disruption. From 1995-2005, Delta achieved a 19% sales/EPS CAGR on solid PC demand. With the rise of mobile technology from 2006-2015, the company posted a 10% sales/EPS CAGR on demand for mobile applications (e.g. mobile electronics, servers and telecom power).

Exhibit 6: M&M RoE



Source: Bloomberg, as at August 2023.

Exhibit 7: Delta Electronics' long-term business transformation



Source: Goldman Sachs Global Investment Research, as at October 2018. Note: bubble size = sales (USD billion).

Over the next 5-10 years, we believe Delta can continue to leverage its flexible business model and become an industrial solutions provider in areas such as smart manufacturing, power-system products, and electric vehicle ("EV") charging solutions.

Delta Electronics' management has been able to position the company as a natural beneficiary of the climate transition with a large proportion of its revenue tied to green technologies or energy efficiency products servicing various end markets. Most recently, it has entered markets such as EV, data centres and smart manufacturing while gradually exiting the old legacy power business, which gathered primarily to consumer electronics.

Management's ability to innovate and invest for the future has always been an important part of our management quality checklist and, as such, we have not made any specific changes to the checklist when it comes to this area.

Author

Christoffer Enemaerke, CFA

Portfolio Manager



Christoffer is a portfolio manager on the RBC Emerging Markets Equity team at RBC GAM. He is currently responsible for research in Latin America and Korea. During his time at the firm, he has also specialised in India, China and Taiwan. Prior to joining the firm in 2013 as an investment analyst, Christoffer worked in the investment management division of a Nordic-based financial services group in Copenhagen. He started his career in the investment industry in 2010.

This document was prepared by RBC Global Asset Management (UK) Limited (RBC GAM UK), authorised and regulated by the UK Financial Conduct Authority (FCA), registered with the US Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and a member of the National Futures Association (NFA) as authorised by the US Commodity Futures Trading Commission (CFTC). In the United States, this document may also be provided by RBC Global Asset Management (U.S.) Inc. ("RBC GAM-US"), a SEC registered investment adviser. The entities noted above are collectively referred to as "RBC BlueBay" within this document. The registrations and memberships noted should not be interpreted as an endorsement or approval of RBC BlueBay by the respective licensing or registering authorities. With respect to the investment performance presented, past performance is not indicative of future performance.

Actual account performance may or will vary from the performance shown because of differences in market conditions; client-imposed investment restrictions; the time of client investments and withdrawals; tax considerations; economies of scale; portfolio turnover; the number, type, availability, and diversity of securities that can be purchased at a given time; differences in the underlying currency of the assets in the account, and other factors. Client assets managed using these strategies in separate accounts or different vehicles may be subject to restrictions, fees or expenses that are materially different than those found in the non-US funds.

This document is confidential and, without RBC BlueBay's consent, may not be (i) copied, photocopied or duplicated in any form by any means or (ii) distributed to any person that is not an employee, officer, director or authorized agent of the recipient. Information herein is believed to be reliable but RBC BlueBay does not warrant its completeness or accuracy. This document contains information collected from independent third-party sources. For purposes of providing these materials to you, neither RBC BlueBay nor any of its affiliates, subsidiaries, directors, officers, or employees, has independently verified the accuracy or completeness of the third-party information contained herein. The information contained herein does not constitute investment, tax, accounting or legal advice. Recipients are strongly advised to make an independent review with their own advisors and reach their own conclusions regarding the investment merits and risks, legal, credit, tax and accounting aspects of all transactions. Any risk management processes discussed refer to efforts to monitor and manage risk but should not be confused with and do not imply no or low risk. No chart, graph, or other figure provided should be used to determine which strategies to implement or which securities to buy or sell.

Copyright 2024 © RBC BlueBay. RBC Global Asset Management (RBC GAM) is the asset management division of Royal Bank of Canada which includes RBC Global Asset Management (U.S.) Inc., RBC Global Asset Management Inc., RBC Global Asset Management (UK) Limited and RBC Global Asset Management (Asia) Limited, which are separate, but affiliated corporate entities. ® / Registered trademark(s) of Royal Bank of Canada and BlueBay Asset Management (Services) Ltd. Used under licence. RBC Global Asset Management (UK) Limited, registered office 100 Bishopsgate, London EC2N 4AA, registered in England and Wales number 03647343. All rights reserved.

Published February 2024

RE/0040/02/24



RBC BlueBay
Asset Management